

Climate Action in Practice:

**Actionable Insights to Increase
Low Carbon Energy & Transport**

April 2025



With the support of

BCG BOSTON
CONSULTING
GROUP



Welcome to the *Climate Action in Practice Guide*

The Consumer Goods Forum's Towards Net Zero Coalition has developed a new resource to help retailers and manufacturers turn climate ambition into action

This collection is organized into six focused packets, each addressing a specific challenge identified by our members. Every publication offers practical guidance, real-world examples, and actionable insights to accelerate progress toward a more sustainable future

Designed for companies at any stage of their climate journey, this guide provides the knowledge and support needed to drive meaningful change

Where to start | Six key challenges, one common framework

Six key challenges identified by our members:

REDUCE DEFORESTATION 

Example activities

- Agroforestry; Re/Afforestation
- Deforestation-free sourcing

ENHANCE SUSTAINABLE AGRICULTURE 

Example activities

- Cropland management
- Livestock management

MERCHANDISE SUSTAINABLE PRODUCTS 


Example activities

- Increased availability of sust. goods and ingredients
- Promotion of sustainable products to drive adoption

REDUCE FOOD LOSS & WASTE 

Example activities

- Shelf-life monitoring
- Responsible promotion tactics

INCREASE LOW-CARBON ENERGY & LOW-CARBON TRANSPORT 

Example activities

- Low-emissions refrigeration
- Fuel switch to BEV
- Renewable heat & power

ADOPT CIRCULAR OR SUSTAINABLE PACKAGING 

Example activities

- Reduction of unnecessary packaging
- Improved package-recyclability

For each key challenge, this publication provides the following resources:

-  **Shared vision of the future**
-  **Overview and key insights**
-  **Regional considerations**
-  **Actions retailers should consider**
-  **Relative impact & feasibility**
-  **Case studies & additional resources**

This documents highlights one are of focus. Refer to the full Action in Practice Guide for a comprehensive view across all six challenges

Where to start | High-level impact and feasibility estimates can guide prioritization¹

Action area	Impact		Scope for action			
	Emissions reduction	Co-benefits (business, social, environmental)	Affordability	ease of implementation	Public sector support	Degree of control
Reduce deforestation	High	High	Medium	Low	High	Medium
Enhance sustainable agriculture	High	High	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium
Merchandise sustainable products	High	High	Medium	Medium	Low	High
Reduce food loss...	High	High	Low	Medium	Low	Medium
...and food waste	Medium	Medium	High	High	High	Medium
Increase low-carbon energy...	Low	Medium	Medium	High	Medium	High
...and low-carbon transportation	Medium	Low	Low	Medium	High	High
Adopt circular or sustainable packaging	Low	Medium	Medium	Medium	High	Medium

1. The impact and feasibility estimates provided are relative assessments that evaluate each action area in comparison to the other areas in these materials. The ratings are based on high-level assessments of each action area as a whole and are not necessarily representative of each individual activity within a given area

**Increase low
carbon energy**

Shared Vision of The Future:

*Retailer operations and their supply chains have **optimized energy efficiency, and renewable sources** are used for all energy needs*

Return to key
challenges



Climate Action in Practice Guide | Preview of increasing low carbon energy insights, resources, and activities to consider

Topic resources to follow ...

Low Carbon Energy Overview

Overview | What to know about energy efficiency & renewables

Strategic Context
Increasing energy efficiency and adopting renewable energy sources are often relatively low-cost sustainability levers which retailers can leverage for own operations and require of major suppliers as part of scope 3 strategy.
Enhancing energy efficiency in own operations drives sustainability and generates significant cost savings¹, making it a crucial strategy for expense reduction.

Key Challenges
Efforts can be operationally complex, often involving many small projects across multiple sites and numerous partners (e.g., project developers, energy brokers) to achieve goals at scale.
Renewables face near-term pricing challenges in the U.S. due to transmission & supply chain issues, requiring strategic deployment though long-term trends are favorable.

Opportunity & Solutions
Policies (e.g., US IRA tax credits, EU CBAM) are driving energy efficiency and renewable energy adoption, offering manufacturers and suppliers strong incentives to pursue these opportunities.

Regional Considerations

Regional considerations

US & Canada | Tailored initiatives
Retailers should align energy efforts with location-specific blend of federal, state and local policies, regulations and incentives to maximize benefits² - US.
Latin America | Selective investment
Policies towards energy efficiency and on-site renewable generation vary widely; retailers should seek alignment between supportive policies and local needs³ - e.g., Chile, Uruguay.
Europe | Mandates and beneficial economics
Beyond compliance with strong efficiency and emissions standards, retailers can improve their economics by offsetting relatively high energy costs⁴ - EU.
Asia | Government-led renewable initiatives
Ambitious government targets for renewable energy adoption present opportunities for retailers to invest in renewables, benefiting from incentives⁵ - India, China.
Africa | Solar potential, on-site and beyond
High solar potential offers retailers the opportunity to power operations sustainably and reduce dependence on unreliable grid⁶ - e.g., Kenya, South Africa.
Oceania | Renewable alignment
Australia and New Zealand plan rapid transitions to renewable-based power generation; retailers seeking to source green energy align with policy goals⁷ - Australia, New Zealand.

Activities Retailers Should Consider

Actions (Efficiency) | Retailers should assess energy use baseline and create regional/facility-level structures to scale energy efficiency

Early action should focus on establishing energy use baseline and identifying key benchmarks

Example activities include

- Assess and understand energy use and footprint starting point (e.g., electricity consumption for lighting and/or heating)
- Benchmark performance against similar buildings and conduct energy audits with external providers to assess efficiency and consumption patterns, identify cost-saving opportunities, and set targeted improvement goals
- Conduct first wave of projects across diverse geographies and facility types to build experience and glean practical insights

Advanced action should target comprehensive energy upgrades across all facilities

Example activities include

- Establish a programmatic approach to advance energy efficiency initiatives across majority of buildings and equipment, supported by a long-term budget plan that allocates capital and resources and clear targets to empower execution by local teams
- Target deeper energy efficiency retrofits to secure greater savings, but require higher capital and significant planning / effort to implement (e.g., electrification of HVAC, building envelope upgrades, changeout of core equipment to make more efficient)

Relative Impact & Feasibility

Relative impact & feasibility | Though emissions reduction potential is limited, energy efficiency and renewables can present quick wins

	Low	Medium	High
Impact	Emissions reduction	Co-benefits (lower costs, aligns with sustainability goals, and enhances resilience against future energy price volatility)	Affordability
Feasibility	Low	Medium	High
Notes	Energy efficiency and renewables can significantly lower scope 1 & 2 emissions, however scope 3 drives majority of emissions for retailers	Upfront investments in efficiency upgrades can be substantial. Renewable energy is increasingly affordable	Market-ready solutions are available and, in many cases, very advanced
		Public sector support	Degree of control
		Operational emissions associated with energy use are in retailer's direct control	

Retailer Case Studies

Case studies (Efficiency) | Retailers launch regional initiatives to increase energy efficiency for own operations and/or major supplier

Lessons in action: Retail case studies

- Walmart launched initiative to boost HVAC energy efficiency and reduce carbon footprint**
Walmart has allocated over \$75M to energy efficiency upgrades throughout their operations, including replacing older lighting with LED and upgrading refrigeration and air conditioning systems, contributing to their achievement of a 42% reduction in scope 1 & 2 emissions relative to 2015 base year.
- Walmart boosted energy efficiency in supply chain through Project Gigaton**
Through Project Gigaton, Walmart worked with 5,700 suppliers to improve supply chain energy efficiency using tools like the Factory Energy Efficiency Index and building standards. These efforts helped Walmart exceed its emissions reduction goal six years early, highlighting energy efficiency's role in reducing emissions.
- Woolworths invests in comprehensive energy efficiency upgrades to bring down emissions**
Woolworths has allocated over \$75M to energy efficiency upgrades throughout their operations, including replacing older lighting with LED and upgrading refrigeration and air conditioning systems, contributing to their achievement of a 42% reduction in scope 1 & 2 emissions relative to 2015 base year.

"Best Source of Truth" Resources

Resources | Regulations and frameworks will inform strategy for increasing energy efficiency & renewable energy (I/II)

Regulation / Framework	Description	Relevant outcomes
EU Emissions Trading System (ETS)	EU ETS is the world's first carbon market, covering power generation, industry, and aviation. It aims to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 40% by 2030.	EU ETS is the world's first carbon market, covering power generation, industry, and aviation. It aims to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 40% by 2030.
2022 California Energy Code	2022 California Energy Code mandates energy efficiency upgrades for new buildings and major renovations, including improved HVAC systems, lighting, and energy management systems, and requires identification for better indoor air quality. California's market power has been instrumental in driving performance standards globally.	2022 California Energy Code mandates energy efficiency upgrades for new buildings and major renovations, including improved HVAC systems, lighting, and energy management systems, and requires identification for better indoor air quality. California's market power has been instrumental in driving performance standards globally.
WRI GHG Protocol	WRI GHG Protocol provides a framework for companies to measure and manage their greenhouse gas emissions, including scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions.	WRI GHG Protocol provides a framework for companies to measure and manage their greenhouse gas emissions, including scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions.
EU Emissions Trading System (ETS)	EU ETS is the world's first carbon market, covering power generation, industry, and aviation. It aims to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 40% by 2030.	EU ETS is the world's first carbon market, covering power generation, industry, and aviation. It aims to reduce greenhouse gas emissions by 40% by 2030.
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WRI GHG Protocol	WRI GHG Protocol provides a framework for companies to measure and manage their greenhouse gas emissions, including scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions.	WRI GHG Protocol provides a framework for companies to measure and manage their greenhouse gas emissions, including scope 1, 2, and 3 emissions.

Overview | What to know about energy efficiency & renewables

Strategic Context



Increasing energy efficiency and adopting renewable energy sources are often **relatively low-cost sustainability levers**, enabling retailers to reduce emissions in their own operations and influence major suppliers as part of scope 3 strategy



Enhancing energy efficiency in own operations **improves sustainability** and **delivers significant cost savings**¹, making it a critical strategy for expense reduction

Key Challenges



Executing renewables projects can be operationally complex, often requiring coordination across multiple sites and involving numerous partners (e.g., project developers, energy brokers)



Deploying renewables faces near-term pricing challenges in the U.S., due to transmission & supply chain issue – **requiring strategic planning despite favorable** long-term trends

Opportunity & Solutions



Leveraging policy incentives (e.g., US IRA tax credits, EU CBAM) is accelerating energy efficiency and renewable adoption, **offering strong incentives to act**

1. Modest cost savings are also possible from renewables in certain markets (e.g., Spain, Germany). Source: "Global Renewables Market Update: Q3 2024", Trio Advisory

Regional considerations

Not exhaustive



US & Canada | Tailored initiatives

Retailers should align energy efforts with location-specific blend of federal, state and local policies, regulations and incentives to maximize benefits¹ - *US*



Latin America | Selective investment

Policies towards energy efficiency and on-site renewable generation vary widely; retailers should seek alignment between supportive policies and local needs² - *e.g., Chile, Uruguay*



Europe | Mandates and beneficial economics

Beyond compliance with strong efficiency and emissions standards, retailers can improve their economics by offsetting relatively high energy costs³ - *EU*



Asia | Government-led renewable initiatives

Ambitious government targets for renewable energy adoption present opportunities for retailers to invest in renewables, benefiting from incentives⁴ - *India, China*



Africa | Solar potential, onsite and beyond

High solar potential offers retailers the opportunity to power operations sustainably and reduce dependence on unreliable grids⁵ - *e.g., Kenya, South Africa*



Oceania | Renewable alignment

Australia and New Zealand plan rapid transitions to renewables-based power generation; retailers seeking to source green energy align with policy goals⁶ – *Australia, New Zealand*

Sources: 1. American Council for an Energy-Efficient Economy (ACEEE), "State Energy Efficiency Scorecard," 2022; 2. International Renewable Energy Agency (IRENA), "Regional Action Plan: Accelerating Renewable Energy Deployment in Latin America," 2019; 3. European Commission, "Energy Efficiency Directive," 2023; 4. IEA, "India's Clean Energy Transition is Rapidly Underway", 2022; 5. World Economic Forum, "Africa is Leading the Way in Solar Power Potential", 2022; 6. IEA, "New Zealand 2023: Executive Summary", 2023

Actions (Efficiency) | Retailers should assess energy use baseline and create regional- or facility-level structures to scale energy efficiency

Early action should focus on establishing energy use baseline and identifying key benchmarks

Example activities include

- **Assess and understand energy use and footprint starting point** (e.g., electricity consumption for lighting and/or heating)
- **Benchmark performance against similar buildings and conduct energy audits** with external providers to assess efficiency and consumption patterns, identify cost-saving opportunities, and set targeted improvement goals
- **Conduct first wave of projects across diverse geographies and facility types** to build experience and glean practical insights

Advanced action should target comprehensive energy upgrades across all facilities

Example activities include

- **Establish a programmatic approach to advance energy efficiency initiatives** across majority of buildings and equipment, supported by a long-term budget plan that allocates capital and resources and clear targets to empower execution by local teams
- **Target deeper energy efficiency retrofits to secure greater savings**, but require higher capital and significant planning / effort to implement (e.g., electrification of HVAC, building envelope upgrades, changeout of core equipment to make more efficient)

Actions (Renewables) | Retailers early in the journey should assess current energy sourcing and apply region-specific strategies to scale

Early action should prioritize identifying opportunities to effectively deploy renewables

Example activities include







- **Assess current renewable energy usage and forecast broader energy needs to support renewable planning and procurement** (e.g., estimate future demand, identify renewable energy needed to meet sustainability goals)
- **Identify the most suitable renewable energy pathways** (e.g., on-site solar installations, PPAs, vPPAs, unbundled certificates / RECs) and **determine initiatives to prioritize** and **optimize adoption** (e.g., develop region specific strategies, obtain financial approvals, establish clear objectives, facilitate effective implementation)

Advanced actions should prioritize defining a clear path to 100% renewable energy

Example activities include

- **Target achieving 100% renewables in the immediate term using unbundled RECs**
- **Develop plan to meet 100% renewable energy beyond 2027 without unbundled RECs**, focusing on sourcing PPAs, vPPAs, and building onsite capacity
- **Once above is achieved, implement a plan to meet renewable energy commitments to meet power usage on a 24/7 matching basis**

Relative impact & feasibility | Though emissions reduction potential is limited, energy efficiency and renewables can present quick wins

Impact		Feasibility					
Low		High					
Rating	Notes	 Emissions reduction Low Energy efficiency and renewables can significantly lower scope 1 & 2 emissions, however scope 3 drives majority of emissions for retailers	 Co-benefits (business, social, environmental) Medium Reduces operating costs, aligns with sustainability goals, and enhances resilience against future energy price volatility	 Affordability Medium Upfront investments in efficiency upgrades can be substantial. Renewable energy is increasingly affordable	 Ease of implementation High Market-ready solutions are available and, in many cases, very advanced	 Public sector support Medium Policies like the U.S. IRA tax credits and EU CBAM provide strong incentives for energy efficiency and renewable energy adoption, however regulatory landscape going forward is uncertain	 Degree of control High Operational emissions associated with energy use are in retailers' direct control

Case studies (Efficiency) | Retailers launch regional initiatives to increase energy efficiency for own operations and/or major supplier networks



Levers in action: Retail case studies

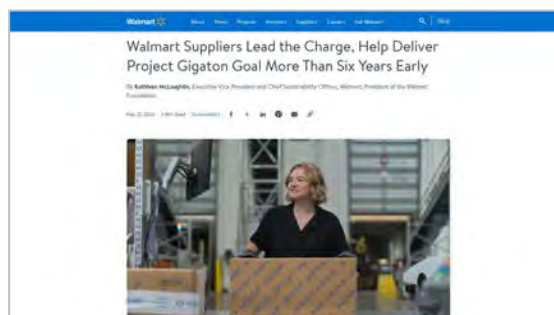
IKEA launched initiative to boost HVAC energy efficiency and reduce carbon footprint



IKEA increased HVAC energy efficiency by 25% in two large Spanish stores by installing ABB's **high-efficiency HVAC systems** with advanced drives. This initiative is part of IKEA's broader sustainability goal to reduce carbon emissions by 80% by 2030, supporting its vision of becoming a fully circular and low-impact business

See [IKEA Case Study](#) for more info

Walmart boosts energy efficiency in supply chain through Project Gigaton



Through **Project Gigaton**, Walmart worked with **5,900 suppliers** to improve supply chain **energy efficiency** using tools like the Factory Energy Efficiency tool and hosting summits. These efforts helped Walmart exceed its emissions reduction goal **six years early**, highlighting energy efficiency's role in cutting emissions

See [Walmart Press Release](#) for more info

Woolworths invests in comprehensive energy efficiency upgrades to bring down emissions



Woolworths has allocated **over \$77M to energy efficiency upgrades** throughout their operations, including replacing older lighting with LED solutions and upgrading refrigeration and air conditioning systems, contributing to their achievement of a **42% reduction in scope 1 & 2 emissions** relative to 2015 base year

See [Woolworths Sustainability Report](#) for more info

Case studies (Renewables) | Retailers leverage multiple strategies to accelerate adoption of renewables across portfolio



Levers in action: Retail case studies

Woolworths progresses toward 100% renewable energy by 2025



Woolworths aims to achieve **100% renewable electricity** by 2025, with **23.5%** reached in F24, supported by CleanCo and other partnerships. In F24, **278 solar systems** were installed, powering over **12,600 homes** annually. Efforts include bi-facial solar panels to maximize production and align with the **RE100 commitment**

See [Woolworths press release](#) for more info

Walmart accelerates clean energy investments across the US to reduce emissions



Walmart is advancing its energy transformation by **enabling nearly 1 gigawatt of new clean energy projects across the U.S.** These initiatives include **community solar programs** benefiting low-income households, **long-term renewable energy purchase agreements**, and **collaborations** with utilities to **expand grid capacity**

See [Walmart Press Release](#) for more info

IKEA invests €200 million to support renewable energy transition



IKEA launched a program to help suppliers in key countries like **Poland, China, and India** transition to **renewable electricity**. By **2023**, the program expanded to **ten additional markets**. The program provides both off-site solutions like **Power Purchase Agreements** and on-site options such as **solar panel installations**

See [IKEA Press Release](#) for more info

Ahold Delhaize signs VPPA covering 30% of EU operations with solar



Ahold Delhaize signed a **Virtual Power Purchase Agreement (VPPA)** with Spanish energy company BRUC to support the construction of five solar plants in Seville. Once **operational in 2026**, the project will supply **approximately 460,000 MWh of renewable electricity** annually—covering around 30% of the retailer's European energy consumption

See [Ahold Delhaize press release](#) for more info

Resources | Regulations and frameworks will inform strategy for increasing low carbon energy (I/II)

(Non-exhaustive)	Description	Relevant resource(s)
Regulations impacting future compliance requirements (Mandatory)	EU Fit for 55 package: Comprehensive set of legislative proposals to revise and update EU legislation covering various sectors (e.g., renewable energy, energy efficiency, vehicle & aviation regulations) aimed at reducing the EU's GHG emissions by 55% by 2030	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EU Fit for 55 Package overview • Fit for 55: how the EU will become more energy-efficient • Fit for 55: how the EU plans to boost renewable energy
Building energy efficiency standards (Mandatory)	<p>2022 California Energy Code: Mandates energy efficiency upgrades in new builds and major renovations to reduce GHG emissions. Updates promote usage of electric heat pumps, require electric-ready infrastructure, expand solar and battery storage requirements, and improve ventilation for better indoor air quality. California's market power has been instrumental in driving performance standards globally</p> <p>RE100: Global initiative encouraging companies to commit to 100% renewable electricity offering technical guidance to accelerate shift towards clean energy</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • 2022 Building Energy Efficiency Standards Summary • Proposed 2025 Building Energy Efficiency Standards Timeline • RE100 2024 Reporting Guidance
Frameworks and target-setting guidance (Voluntary)	<p>EP100: Global initiative of 125+ businesses committed to doubling energy productivity, implementing energy management systems, or achieving net-zero buildings</p> <p>SBTi Guidance: Developed guidance (supported by CDP) to support electric utilities in setting science-based targets and clarify target-setting boundary options and requirements</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EP 100 FAQ • EP100 Energy Efficiency: Net Zero's Invisible Ally report • SBTi Setting 1.5°C-aligned Science-based Targets: Quick Start Guide for Electric Utilities • SBTi Corporate Near-Term target-setting tool



Mandatory regulation



Voluntary standard, framework, or guidance

Resources | Regulations and frameworks will inform strategy for increasing low carbon energy (II/II)

(Non-exhaustive)	Description	Relevant resource(s)
Funding and incentive mechanisms (Voluntary)	Funding opportunities under Inflation Reduction Act (IRA): Directs ~\$400B in US federal funding to reduce carbon emissions by 2030 through tax incentives, grants, and loan guarantees for clean electricity, transmission, clean transportation, and EV incentives	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Inflation Reduction Act Guidebook
Business guidance (Voluntary)	Several resources exist that provide actionable guidance and recommendations for increasing energy efficiency and renewable energy at the corporate level	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Turbocharging the Energy Transition by Boosting Customer Demand (BCG publication)• A Rapid Energy Transformation Is Good for Nature and the Climate (BCG publication)• Accounting for Change: Policies and Technical Approaches for Reducing Greenhouse Gas Emissions through Energy Efficiency Programs (American Council for Energy-Efficient Council publication)• RILA Corporate Clean Energy Procurement Index report



Mandatory regulation



Voluntary standard, framework, or guidance

[Return to key challenges](#)

**Increase low
carbon
transportation**

Shared Vision of The Future:

*Retailers' supply chains **utilize electric/alternative-fuel vehicles, optimize route efficiency, and leverage alternative transport modes to minimize emissions***

Return to key
challenges



Climate Action in Practice Guide | Preview of increasing low carbon transportation insights, resources and activities to consider

Topic resources to follow ...

Low Carbon Transportation Overview

Overview | What to know about increasing low carbon transportation

Strategic Context

- While currently available low-carbon transportation technologies can be costly, there is **significant medium-term potential** for impactful emissions reductions.

Key Challenges:

- The vendor market in this space is nascent, with limited partners (e.g., alternative low carbon fuel, EV charging infrastructure), likely requiring significant upfront capital investment and technical expertise.
- Increasing low carbon transportation may require extensive operational changes (e.g., network optimization, switching fleets to EVs from gasoline trucks).

Opportunity & Solutions

- Strategic planning and comprehensive analysis of short- and long-term factors are crucial to make smart no-regret moves and avoid costly, irreversible decisions (e.g., prematurely committing to truck electrification without considering future operational changes).
- Low carbon transportation offers significant positive impacts for local communities through reducing the utilization of heavy-duty and polluting vehicles in last-mile delivery.

Regional Considerations

Regional considerations

- US & Canada | Advancing electric truck adoption**
Federal and state incentives are supporting the development and adoption of electric heavy-duty trucks, reducing the costs of fleet conversion^{1,2} - US, Canada
- Latin America | Limited infrastructure**
High costs and limited infrastructure for low-emission vehicles mean retailers should focus on operational efficiency to reduce emissions³ - e.g., Brazil, Argentina
- Europe | Zero-emission mandates**
EU regulations pushing for zero-emission transport require retailers to transition fleets, impacting investment decisions⁴ - EU
- Asia | Electrification opportunities**
Advanced EV infrastructure makes it easier for retailers to electrify fleets, and autonomous trucking acceleration has tailwinds for EV adoption⁵ - China
- Africa | Limited infrastructure**
High costs and limited infrastructure for low-emission vehicles mean retailers should focus on operational efficiency to reduce emissions⁶ - numerous countries
- Oceania | Limited infrastructure**
High costs and limited infrastructure for low-emission vehicles mean retailers should focus on operational efficiency to reduce emissions⁷ - Australia

Activities Retailers Should Consider

Actions | Retailers can establish baseline logistics and a clear strategy as a first step, refining both iteratively to scale

Early action should establish baseline and develop actionable strategy

Example activities include:

- Establish baseline for inbound and outbound logistics (e.g., locations, specs, modes of transport, distance traveled, % owned vs. 3rd party fleet)
- Develop practical, actionable strategy based on logistic baseline that aligns with long-term goals (e.g., route optimization to improve fuel efficiency and reduce travel distance)
- Start with gradual, region-specific hub deployment of electric/low carbon transport for lighter duty or shorter distance routes, allowing for iterative learning and improvement to refine strategy

Advanced action should focus on targeted deployment and investment

Example activities include:

- Assess and deploy low-carbon transport for medium-distance (<100 miles) routes or those served by heavy duty vehicles, considering full set of options (e.g., mode shifts, network optimization)
- Collaborate with peers to enable collective buying and facilitate potential co-investment in cost-effective technologies for harder-to-decarbonize logistics segments (e.g., to develop Class 8 e-trucks for medium distances, fast charging infrastructure to meet operational needs)

Relative Impact & Feasibility

Relative impact & feasibility | Meaningful emissions reductions are possible, although affordability remains a challenge for now

	Impact	Feasibility
Emissions reduction	Medium	Low
Co-benefits (human, social, environmental)	Low	Medium
Affordability	Low	Medium
Ease of implementation	Low	Medium
Public sector support	Low	High
Degree of control	Low	High

Notes:

- Transitioning to low-carbon transport can significantly reduce emissions across the supply chain, especially for retailers with large logistics operations
- Minimal direct impact on brand. Potential for air quality improvements and reduced noise pollution in urban areas
- High upfront costs due to nascent electric truck technology and spotty fueling infrastructure
- Requires technical expertise and vendor partnerships, but gradual implementation can reduce complexity
- Strong government incentives and programs (e.g., subsidies for electric trucks, funding for infrastructure) support adoption
- Operational emissions associated with transportation are in retailer's direct control

Retailer Case Studies

Case studies | Retailers employ variety of innovative solutions and strategic partnerships to reduce emissions across their fleets

Levers in action: Retail case studies

- DEI launches electric trucks to cut logistics emissions**
In 2023, DEI launched electric trucks in Tennessee and Florida, cutting logistics emissions significantly. By the end of 2024, DEI's fleet of 100 electric trucks, funded by the government, will cut 24,000 tonnes of CO₂ over its lifetime.
- Walmart advances alternative fuels and innovative technology to reduce transport emissions**
Walmart is piloting alternative fuel solutions, including renewable natural gas, hydrogen, and electric vehicles to reduce emissions from its transportation fleet. Additionally, they are collaborating with partners (e.g., Chevron) to drive innovation and test new technologies in Class 8 trucks, refrigerated trailers, and yard trucks.
- Carrefour converts waste from stores into biofuel**
Carrefour sorts and recovers bio-waste in stores, then converts the waste to fuel for bio-methane trucks. By the end of 2024, Carrefour planned to have 1,000 bio-methane trucks in circulation, which produce 80% less GHG emissions than petroleum transportation methods.

"Best Source of Truth" Resources

Resources | Monitoring emerging regulations is crucial to guide low carbon transportation strategy and avoid costly missteps

Resource type	Description	Relevant resources					
Regulatory (government)	CA Executive Order N-79-20: Requires CA's Resources Board (RAB) to develop and implement strategies to achieve 2030 zero-emissions from medium- and heavy-duty on-road vehicles by 2035, and from all other on-road vehicles by 2040. Second, the RAB will develop and implement a program to reduce fleet emissions through CA's Advanced Clean Fleet Regulation, requiring 100% of new medium- and heavy-duty trucks to be zero-emission by 2035, and 100% of new medium- and heavy-duty trucks to be zero-emission by 2040. <tr> <td>Multi-stakeholder (industry)</td> <td>Multi-Sector 2024 Taskforce: Launched in 2023, co-chaired by Google and DC, committed to 50% 2024 sales for new medium- and heavy-duty trucks by 2030 and 100% by 2040 in their respective states. <tr> <td>Industry and target setting (industry)</td> <td>EV100: Coalition of 120+ companies across 20 markets committing to electrify their passenger and light-duty fleet (5-15, 0-100 vehicles) by 2030, and to electrify their medium- and heavy-duty fleet by 2040. <tr> <td>Industry (business)</td> <td>Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Provides guidance and recommendations for calculating greenhouse gas emissions from a company's operations. </td></tr></td></tr></td></tr>	Multi-stakeholder (industry)	Multi-Sector 2024 Taskforce: Launched in 2023, co-chaired by Google and DC, committed to 50% 2024 sales for new medium- and heavy-duty trucks by 2030 and 100% by 2040 in their respective states. <tr> <td>Industry and target setting (industry)</td> <td>EV100: Coalition of 120+ companies across 20 markets committing to electrify their passenger and light-duty fleet (5-15, 0-100 vehicles) by 2030, and to electrify their medium- and heavy-duty fleet by 2040. <tr> <td>Industry (business)</td> <td>Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Provides guidance and recommendations for calculating greenhouse gas emissions from a company's operations. </td></tr></td></tr>	Industry and target setting (industry)	EV100: Coalition of 120+ companies across 20 markets committing to electrify their passenger and light-duty fleet (5-15, 0-100 vehicles) by 2030, and to electrify their medium- and heavy-duty fleet by 2040. <tr> <td>Industry (business)</td> <td>Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Provides guidance and recommendations for calculating greenhouse gas emissions from a company's operations. </td></tr>	Industry (business)	Greenhouse Gas Protocol: Provides guidance and recommendations for calculating greenhouse gas emissions from a company's operations.
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Relevant resources:

- CA's Resources Board (RAB) website: <https://www.ca.gov/resources-board/>
- CA's Advanced Clean Fleet Regulation: <https://www.ca.gov/advanced-clean-fleet-regulation/>
- Multi-Sector 2024 Taskforce website: <https://www.multisector2024.org/>
- EV100 website: <https://www.ev100.com/>
- Greenhouse Gas Protocol website: <https://ghgprotocol.org/>

Overview | What to know about increasing low carbon transportation

Strategic Context



Currently available low-carbon transportation technologies remain costly, but offer **significant medium-term potential** for impactful emissions reductions

Key Challenges



The **vendor landscape is nascent**, with limited partners in areas like alternative fuel and EV charging infrastructure – likely requiring significant upfront capital and technical expertise



Scaling low carbon transportation **may require extensive operational shifts**, such as network optimization and transitioning fleets from gasoline to electric vehicles

Opportunity & Solutions



Strategic planning and comprehensive analysis of short- and long-term factors are crucial, helping **avoid costly, irreversible decisions** (e.g., committing to truck electrification without accounting for future operational needs)



Low carbon transportation can deliver **meaningful benefits for local communities**, reducing the use of heavy-duty, high-emission vehicles in last-mile delivery

Regional considerations

Not exhaustive



US & Canada | Advancing electric truck adoption

Federal and state incentives support the development and adoption of electric heavy-duty trucks, reducing the costs of fleet conversion^{1,2} – US, Canada



Latin America | Limited infrastructure

High costs and limited infrastructure for low-emission vehicles mean retailers should prioritize operational efficiency to reduce emissions³ - *e.g., Brazil, Argentina*



Europe | Zero-emission mandates

EU regulations pushing for zero-emission transport require retailers to transition fleets, impacting investment decisions⁴ - EU



Asia | Electrification opportunities

Advanced EV infrastructure makes it easier for retailers to electrify fleets, and autonomous trucking acceleration has tailwinds for EV adoption⁵ - China



Africa | Limited infrastructure

High costs and limited infrastructure for low-emission vehicles mean retailers should focus on operational efficiency to reduce emissions⁶ - *numerous countries*



Oceania | Limited infrastructure

High costs and limited infrastructure for low-emission vehicles mean retailers should focus on operational efficiency to reduce emissions⁷ - *Australia*

1. US federal incentive have become more uncertain given new US administration's likely priorities. Sources: 2. RMI, "The Inflation Reduction Act Will Help Electrify Heavy-Duty Trucking", 2022; 3. BCG analysis; 4. European Commission, "Delivering the European Green Deal," 2021; 5. WIRED, "China is Racing to Electrify its Future", 2022; 6. EnergyNews Africa, "Electric Vehicle Adoption: Infrastructure Challenges in Africa", 2024; 7. Clayton Utz, "Emerging Challenges for Australia Electric Vehicle Charging Infrastructure", 2022

Actions | Retailers can establish baseline logistics and a clear strategy as a first step, refining both iteratively to scale

Early action should establish a baseline and develop an actionable strategy

Example activities include







- **Establish baseline for inbound and outbound logistics** (e.g., locations, specs, modes of transport, distance traveled, % owned vs. 3rd party fleet)
- **Develop practical, actionable strategy** based on logistic baseline that aligns with long-term goals (e.g., route optimization to improve fuel efficiency and reduce travel distance)
- **Start with gradual, region-specific hub deployment of electric/ low carbon transport for lighter duty or shorter-distance routes**, allowing for iterative learning and improvement to refine strategy

Advanced action should focus on targeted deployment and investment

Example activities include

- **Assess and deploy low-carbon transport for medium-distance (<100 miles) routes or those served by heavy duty vehicles**, considering full set of options (e.g., mode-shifts, network optimization)
- **Collaborate with peers to enable collective buying and facilitate potential co-investment in cost-effective technologies** for harder-to-decarbonize logistics segments (e.g., to develop Class 8 e-trucks for medium distances, fast charging infrastructure to meet operational needs)

Relative impact & feasibility | Meaningful emissions reductions are possible, although affordability remains a challenge for now

	Impact		Feasibility			
	Medium		Medium			
						
	Emissions reduction	Co-benefits (business, social, environmental)	Affordability	Ease of implementation	Public sector support	Degree of control
Rating	Medium	Low	Low	Medium	High	High
Notes	Transitioning to low-carbon transport can significantly reduce emissions across the supply chain, especially for retailers with large logistics operations	Minimal direct impact on brand. Potential for air quality improvements and reduced noise pollution in urban areas	High upfront costs due to nascent electric truck technology and spotty fueling infrastructure	Requires technical expertise and vendor partnerships, but gradual implementation can reduce complexity	Strong government incentives and programs (e.g., subsidies for electric trucks, funding for infrastructure) support adoption	Operational emissions associated with transportation are in retailers' direct control

Case studies | Retailers employ variety of innovative solutions and strategic partnerships to reduce emissions across their fleets



Levers in action: Retail case studies

DFI launches electric trucks to cut logistics emissions



In 2023, DFI launched **electric trucks** in Taiwan and Hong Kong, cutting logistics **emissions significantly**. In Taiwan, a **26-tonne truck** reduced emissions by **18%**, while Hong Kong's **24-tonne truck**, funded by the government, will cut **24,000 tonnes of CO₂** over its lifetime

See [DFI Sustainability Report](#) for more info

Walmart advances alternative fuels and innovative technology to reduce transport emissions



Walmart is **piloting alternative fuel solutions**, including renewable natural gas, hydrogen, and electric vehicles to reduce emissions from its transportation fleet. Additionally, they are collaborating with partners (e.g., Chevron) to **drive innovation and test new technologies** in Class 8 trucks, refrigerated trailers, and yard trucks.

See [Walmart Press Release](#) for more info

Carrefour converts waste from stores into biofuel



Carrefour sorts and recovers bio-waste in stores, then converts the waste to fuel for biomethane trucks. By the end of 2024 Carrefour planned to have **1,000 biomethane trucks** in circulation, which produce **80% less GHG emissions** than traditional transportation methods

See [Carrefour Website](#) for more info

Resources | Monitoring emerging regulations is crucial to guide low carbon transportation strategy and avoid costly missteps

(Non-exhaustive)	Description	Relevant resource(s)
Regulation (Mandatory)	<p>CA Executive Order N-79-20: Requires CA Air Resources Board (CARB) to develop and propose strategies to achieve 100% zero-emissions from medium- and heavy-duty on-road vehicles by 2045 and from drayage (container shipping) vehicles by 2035. Several existing incentive programs can help fleet owners comply</p> <p>CA Advanced Clean Fleet Regulation: Supports EO N-79-20 by specifying transition timeline for government-owned and "high-priority" fleets¹. In 2035, only ZEVs² will qualify for new purchase</p> <p>New York, New Jersey, Oregon, and Washington passed similar laws</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • CARB advanced clean fleets • CARB zero-emission on-road medium- and heavy-duty strategies
Multi-state agreements (Voluntary)	<p>Multi-State ZEV Taskforce: Launched in 2020, coalition of 15 states and DC committed to 30% ZEV sales for new medium- and heavy-duty trucks by 2030 and 100% by 2050 in their respective states</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Multi-state ZEV taskforce memo
Frameworks and target-setting guidance (Voluntary)	<p>EV100: Coalition of 120+ companies across 100 markets committing to electrify their passenger and light duty fleet (~5.75 million vehicles) and install charging infrastructure by 2030</p> <p>EV100+: Building off the success of EV100, new initiative focused on medium- and heavy-duty vehicles</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • EV100 • EV100+
Business guidance (Voluntary)	<p>Several resources exist that provide actionable guidance and recommendations for increasing low carbon transport at the corporate level</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Accelerating ZEV adoption in fleets to decarbonize road transportation (ICCT publication) • Accelerating the Shift to Sustainable Transport (BCG publication) • The Road Ahead for Low-Carbon Fuels (BCG publication)



Mandatory regulation



Voluntary standard, framework, or guidance

1. "High priority" defined as entities with \$50m+ gross annual revenue that own, operate, or direct 1+ vehicle in California, or entities that operate 50+ vehicles in the state. 2. ZEV = zero-emissions vehicle





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take action?

How to become the next changemaker:

- 1 **Explore practical resources** to tackle key sustainability challenges
- 2 **Connect with our experts** to accelerate your sustainability journey
- 3 **Join the CGF** to collaborate with industry leaders and drive positive change

Thank you

